

LAYER





GET IN TOUCH



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ABOUT EPOL LAYER FEEDS

Our focus is on formulating feed to deliver maximum on-farm profits. In order to optimise the cost effectiveness of our rations, we have developed the ideal protein profile with the correct protein to energy ratio.

OUR FOCUS

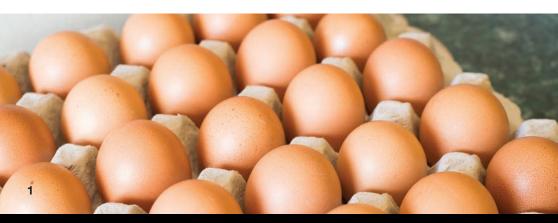
- Nutritionally balanced feed
- Correct body development for all phases
- Target body weight for age
- Uniform body weight for age
- Appropriate feather growth
- Maximise efficiency of the hens for egg production (feed to egg conversion)
- Maximising egg weight

REARING

The feeding and management of pullets during the growing period has a major impact on egg production and egg weights during the laying period. Mistakes made during the critical rearing period can lead to poor production in lay which cannot be corrected at this stage. It is essential that diets are changed at the correct time to ensure that body weight and uniformity targets are met. Pullets that achieve target body weights at maturity generally become the best producing layers.

FEEDING TIPS

- Feed small amounts of feed on paper for the first 2 to 3 days if floor rearing is practised.
- Gradually remove the paper as the birds become used to the feeders.
- Provide ample fresh, cool water at all times.



REARING FEEDING GUIDELINES

RANGE	ı	FEEDING PERIOD	
Sure-Lay Starter V668	Feed range with high protein and energy levels to ensure optimum organ and skeletal development for the future laying hen.	High energy, protein, vitamin and mineral levels to ensure optimum growth for this stage of the bird's life.	Feed ad lib from 0 – 6 weeks.
Sure-Lay Grower V667		Slightly lower protein while maintaining the mineral balance similar to the starter diet.	Feed ad lib from 6 – 15 weeks.
Sure-Lay Developer V30891	Ensures lean muscle tissue and body fat reserves are deposited for the early onset of production. The slightly higher calcium level in the ration increases the intramedullary bone deposit and prepares the pullet for egg production. The medullary bone acts as a calcium reservoir, from which the mature hen can quickly mobilise calcium for eggshell formation.		Feed ad lib from 15 – 18 weeks.

All products are registered under Act No. 36 of 1947.

LAYING

Epol layer feeds have been developed to maintain constant nutrient intake and maximise the efficiency of the hens for egg production. As flocks age, their nutrient requirements change, and it is best to phase feed these flocks for the duration of the laying cycle. It is important to note that feed consumption depends on temperature, breed, humidity, energy level and the amino acid profile of the diet.

FEEDING TIPS

- Phase feeding is recommended during laying to reduce feed costs.
- Layer feeds should be fed ad lib from 18 weeks of age or at transfer to laying houses before first eggs are laid.
- · Provide ample fresh, cool water at all times.

FEEDING GUIDELINES

RANGE	SUITABLE FOR	PHASE	ACT 36/1947 REG. NO.	FEEDING PERIOD
Sure-Lay	Use on farms where the aim is optimal egg weight and efficiency (feed to egg conversion).	Phase I	16496	18 – 35 weeks
		Phase II	16498	35 – 50 weeks
		Phase III	16492	50 to depletion



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